

Geometry Segment Addition, Midpoint, Bisectors

Make a sketch and solve for the lengths indicated.

1.	<p>Points A, B and C are collinear, where B is between A and C.</p> <p>$AC = 4x+11$, $AB = 3x+ 4$, $BC = 2x-5$. Find AB, BC and AC.</p>			
		AB =	BC =	AC =
2.	<p>Points A, B, C and D are collinear, where B is between A and C and C is between B and D.</p> <p>$AB = x$, $BC = 2x+4$, $CD = 3x-9$ and $AD = 46$. Find AB, BC, CD, AC, and BD.</p>			
		AB =	BC =	CD =
		AC =	BD =	
3.	<p>H is the midpoint of GK.</p> <p>$GH = 3x+1$, $GK = 26$. Find GH, HK and GK.</p>			
		GH =	HK =	GK =
4.	<p>Point E <u>bisects</u> segment DF.</p> <p>$DE = x+6$, $EF = 2x+8$. Find DE, EF, and DF.</p>			
		DE =	EF =	DF =

5.	<p>M is the <u>midpoint</u> of LN.</p> <p>$LM = x^2$, $MN = 6x+7$. Find the two possible lengths of LM, MN and LN.</p>			
		Possible Lengths #1		
		LM =	MN =	LN =
		Possible Lengths #2		
		LM =	MN =	LN =
6.	<p>Line segment PT is <u>trisected</u> at points R and S.</p> <p>$RS = 4x+5$ and $PT = 42$. Find PR, RS, ST, PS, and RT.</p>			
		PR =	RS =	ST =
		PS =	RT =	
7.	<p>In Triangle GFK, a <u>median</u> is drawn from angle F and intersects side GK at point H.</p> <p>$GH = 7x + 1$ and $GK = 8x+28$</p> <p>Find GH, HK and GK</p>			
		GH =	HK =	GK =